INVESTIGATING YOUR HERITAGE: DNA, DIARIES, DOCUMENTS OR DATABASES?

JENNIFER DAUGHERTY
NORTH CAROLINA COLLECTION LIBRARIAN

What is Genealogy?

 The study of the history of families using historical documents to discover the relationships between people. *Macmillan Dictionary

• A record or account of the ancestry and descent of a person, family, group, etc. *dictionary.com

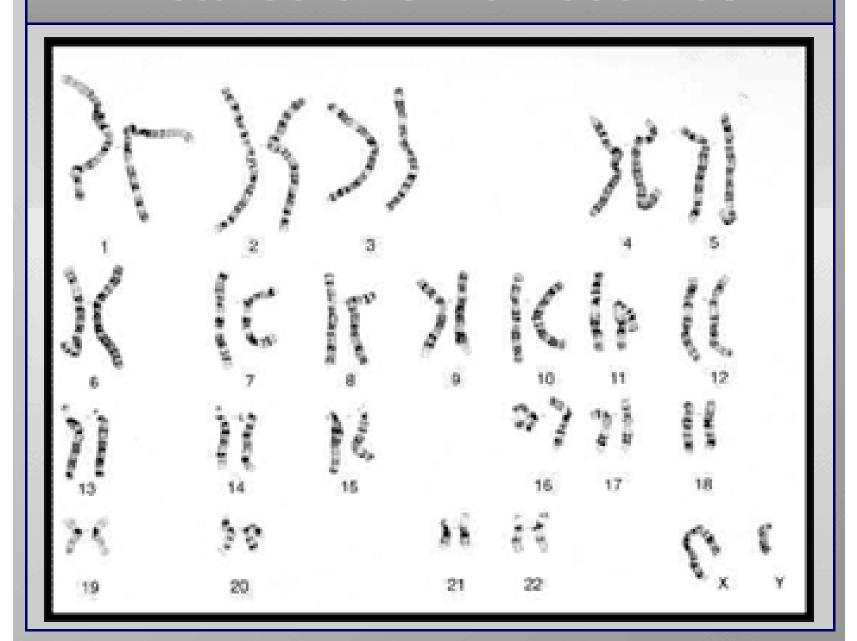
Genetic Genealogy

 "the use of DNA testing in combination with traditional genealogical and historical records."

International Society of Genetic Genealogy: Great resources

22 Pairs Autosomes 1 Pair of Sex Chromosomes (XX or XY) 1 from each pair from mother 1 from each pair from father

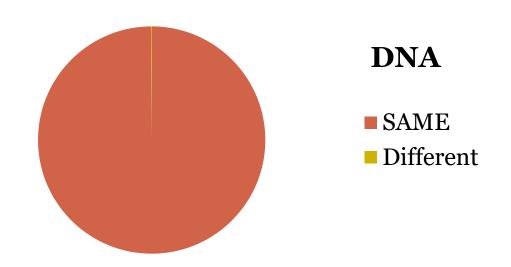
Pictures of Chromosomes



4 Different Types of DNA:

Y-DNA
X-DNA
Autosomal DNA
Mitochondrial DNA

99.9% ALL HUMAN DNA IS THE SAME .1% Makes us individuals



Y-DNA

Y Chromosome.

Males Only.

Father-to-son.

Slow to change.

Good for Surname Projects.

What are the Y tests measuring?

STR- Short Tandem Repeats

Parts of the DNA that repeat in particular locations.

Adenine, Thymine, Cytosine, and Guanine



Table 1. Sample Y-DNA STR Results

DYS#	393	390	19	391	385a	385b	426	388	439	389-1	392	389-2
Alleles	13	24	14	10	11	14	12	12	12	13	13	29

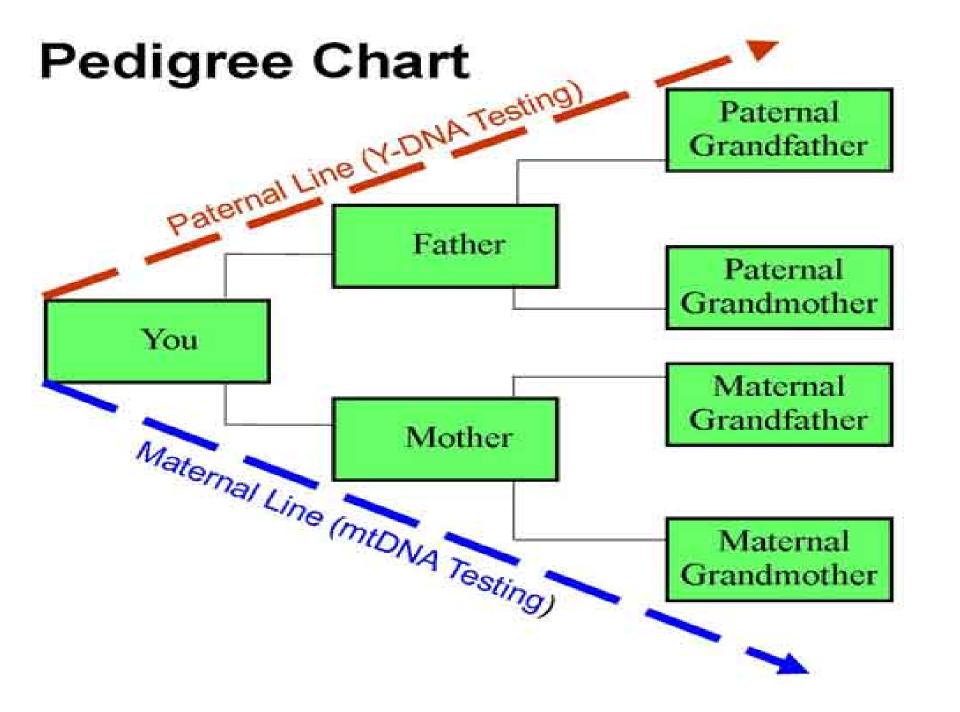
This test looked at 12 locations.

Compare those results to others to find relationships.

Courtesy: Family Tree DNA

Y-DNA

- Locations have been assigned where there are commonly found repeats. Your results tell how many repeats you have in that area.
- The more locations they test, the more accurate.
- You inherit repeats from your ancestors.



Number of matching markers	that the MRCA was	no longer than this number of	that the MRCA was no longer than this number of
10 of 10	16.5	56	72
11 of 12	17	39	47
12 of 12	7	23	29
23 of 25	11	23	27
24 of 25	7	16	20
25 of 25	3	10	13
35 of 37	6	12	14
36 of 37	4	8	10
37 of 37	2 to 3	5	7
65 of 67	6	12	14
66 of 67	4	8	9
67 of 67	2	4	6

Courtesy of Smith Family DNA Project

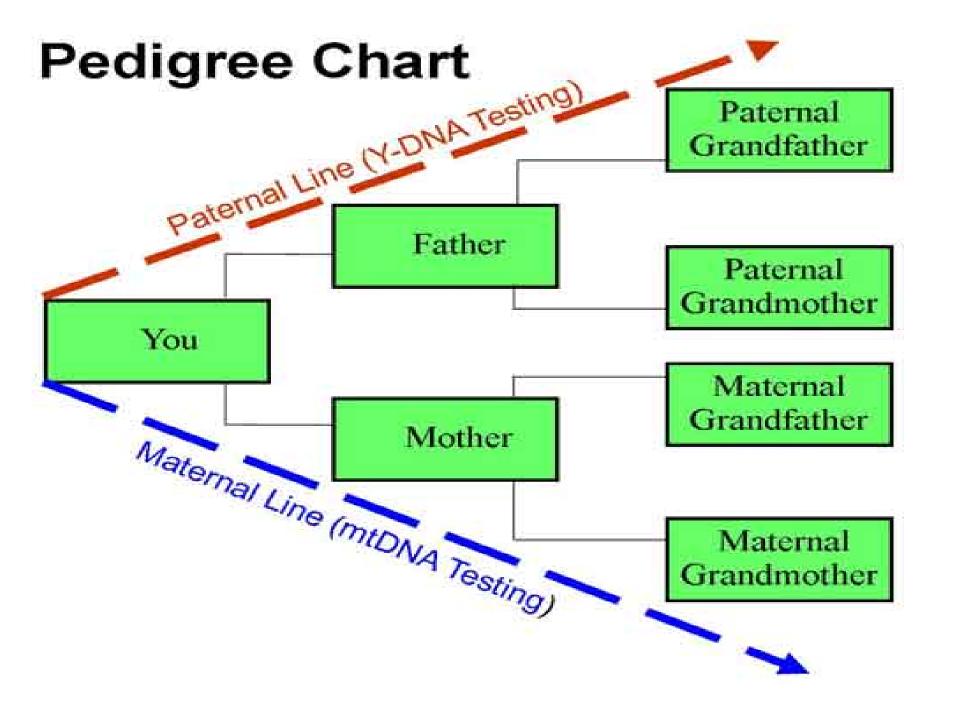
To see d	otaile on this co	llaborative group, including sources, children and locat	tions click on t	ha traa 🧖														YY			
		nassociated with each kit, below, or the master tree if																CC			
		and share additional information such as children, sou							2	2							A	AA			C C
to discov	er and verify al	ll connections between DNA testing members <u>Rea</u>	ad More Descrip	<u>otion</u>			3 3		8	8	4	1			4 4	4 4	A	ĪĪ			D D
Do yo	ou see how thes	se kits connect? Think a better grouping? Additional info	o on any? Sour	ces?	3 3	3	8 8	4 3 4	4 9	3 9 4	4 5 5	5 4 4	4 4	4 4	6 6	6 6	4 _	II	4 6	5 5	YY
		d to this group description to make it more informative			9 9	1 9	5 5	2 8	3 _	9 _ 5	5 9 9	5 5	4 3	4 4	4 4	4 4	6 H	4 -	5 0	7 7	2727
on the S		book Forum for Smith DNA Group GRP-R-M269-54 or Se		admins	3 0	9 1	a b	68	9 1	2 2 8	8 a l	5 4	7 7	8 9	a b	c d	0 4	a b	6 7	6 0	a b
	YDNA Moda	al Baseline	Migration	Haplo-ISOGG	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 18	37 41
(Smith DNA Kit #143498-FTD)(67) ₩ 🧖		s Smith b c1634 ENG.; d 1724 New Haven, CT		R-Z253/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 13	13 29	16 10 1	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 18	37 41
(Smith DNA Kit #216226-FTD)(37) 🖂 🧖		s Smith, bc. 1634 and d. 1724, New Haven, CT		R-Z253/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12 :	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 2	9 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 18	37 41
(Smith DNA Kit #45012-FTD)(37) 🖂 🗖 🎟	t ydna 🗴 🏿 G	David Smith b 1770 IRE d Washington Co VA	IRE>VA	R-M269/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 2	9 15 1	5 17 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 17	37 40
(Smith DNA Kit #N39426-FTD)(37)	ydna 🗴 🏿 G	George Hempleton Smith of Newark, OH	OH>OH	R-Z253/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	6 11 1:	19 23	15 15	19 17	37 40
(Smith DNA Kit #126487-FTD)(25) 🖂 🧖	G Anson	A. Smith b 1808 Windsor Co., VT; parents of CT		R-Z253/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7				
(Smith DNA Kit #209504-FTD)(67) 🖂 🧖		enry Noyes		R-Z253/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 18	37 40
(Smith DNA Kit #176457-FTD)(67) 🖂 🗖 🎟	ydna 🗴 🏿 G	Thomas Smith b c1634 ENG.; d 1724 New Haven, CT	ENG>CT>CT	R-Z253/ISOGG	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 18	37 41
(Smith DNA Kit #28849-FTD)(67) ₩ 🕶 🗫	yDNA X Ø G	Thomas Smith b c1634 ENG.; d 1724 New Haven, CT	ENG>CT>CT	R-Z253/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 18	37 41
(Smith DNA Kit #141726-FTD)(67) 🖂 🧖	Ø G Anson	A. Smith b 1808 Windsor Co., VT; parents of CT		R-Z253/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 18	37 40 [≡]
(Smith DNA Kit #95454-FTD)(67) 🖂 🗫 👫 🖫	ydna 🗴 🎳 G	Thomas Smith b c1634 ENG.; d 1724 New Haven, CT	ENG>CT>CT	R-Z253/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 18	38 41
(Smith DNA Kit #N24447-FTD)(25) ⊠ 🗫 👫 🖪 📶	ydna 🗴 🏿 G	John Smith b c1729 Preston, Scotland	<u>Scotland</u>	R-Z253/ISOGG	13 24	15 10	11 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 17 1	7				
(Smith DNA Kit #133785-FTD) (67) M 7 4 1	yDNA 🗶 🊳 G	Marcus Hamilton b 1847 Rutherford Co NC	NC>NC>NC	R-M269/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	11 15	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	10 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	1 15 1	5 17 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 17	37 40
(Smith DNA Kit #24085-FTD)(67) [🗫 🖷 mt	yDNA 🗶 🎉 G	Robert Smith b c 1733 IRE	IRE>KY>PA>OH	R-P312/ <u>ISOGG</u>	13 24	15 10	12 14	12 12	10 14	13 30	16 9	9 11 1	1 24 1	5 20 3	0 15 1	5 16 1	7 11 1	19 23	15 15	19 17	37 41
						100 31	1000	20 910		88 610		The 19 19 19		100	100	N. T. Carlo	7 II 6 h		100	1000	4 7 14 7

X-DNA

- Not tested as a standalone
- XX Female (X from mother and father)
- XY Male (X from mother, can help exclude what side matches are from?

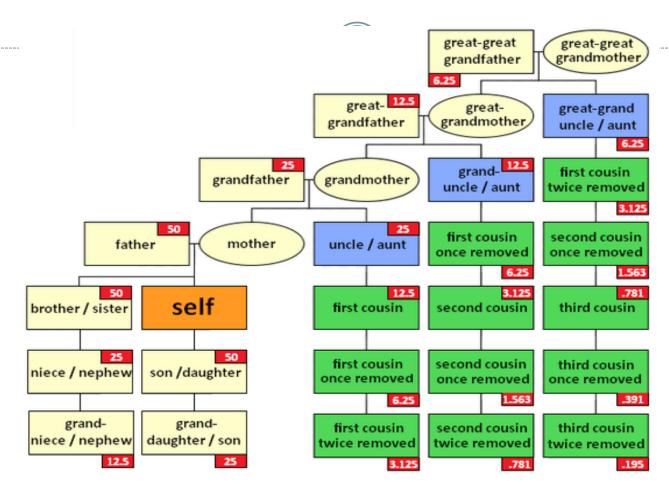
mtDNA:

- Mitochondrial DNA (outside the nucleus of the cell).
 - Females and Males inherit.
 - Mother to son or daughter.
 - Males can not pass mtDNA.
 - Slow to change.
 - o Can track for thousands of years on maternal lines.
 - × Cousins can share the same mitochondrial DNA.
 - ▼ Used to help identify remains from Vietnam.



atDNA

- 22 Pairs Autosomal Chromosomes
 - Males and Females.
 - o Inherit half from mother and half from father.
 - Random mixture through recombination.
 - × Because the DNA mixes it can not be traced as far back the same way as Y and Mitochondrial.



Courtesy: Wikimedia commons

• cM- Cenitmorgans = unit of <u>recombinant</u> frequency which is used to measure <u>genetic distance</u>

Parent/child: 3539-3748 centimorgans (cMs)

1st cousins: 548-1034 cMs

1st cousins once removed: 248-638 cMs

2nd cousins: 101-378 cMs

2nd cousins once removed: 43-191 cMs

3rd cousins: 43- 150 cMs

3rd cousins once removed: 11.5-99 cMs

4th and more distant cousins: 5-ca 50 cMs

Can autosomal tests help you find ancestors?

- If others have their tree loaded, it can help you confirm common ancestors.
- Find cousins or other relatives.
- Adoptees are using it to find parents.
- Donor children finding other siblings and relatives.





ancestry



Gedmatch.com

					Haplogroup			Autosomal					X-DNA	4			
Kit N	br -	Туре	List	Select	Sex	Mt	Y	Details	Total cM	largest	t cM G	en 🛮 [Details	Total cM	largest cM	Name	Email
▼	▲					▼ ▲	▼ ▲	<i>'</i>	₹	ļ ģ	₹	A		₹	₹	₹ A	▼ ▲
A3007	706	F2	L		F			<u>A</u>	116.4	24.	3 3.	5	<u>X</u>	17.5	17.5		
F1318	560	F2	L		U		R1b1a2a1a1a8	A	52	,52	4.	1	<u>X</u>	0	0		
F2597	730	F2	L		M	H5a1-T152C!	I-M223	A	46.1	46.	1 4.	1	<u>X</u>	0	0		
F836	76	F2	L		M		R-M269	A	47.5	37.	8 4.	1	<u>X</u>	0	0		
A8364	167	F2	L		F			<u>A</u>	48.3	27.	5 4.	1	<u>X</u>	0	0		
V6300	146	ГЭ			D.A			Ι Δ	4E 7	24	G 4	4 11	v	0	0		

Shared cM= 116.4

2nd cousins: 101-378 cMs

2nd cousins once removed: 43-191 cMs

3rd cousins: 43-ca 150 cMs

												100	74		
											1		/		
						aplogroup		Autos	somal		$\Box I$	X-DN	Α	N .	
Kit Nbr	Туре	List	Select	Sex	Mt	Y	Details	Total cM	largest cN	Gen	Details	Total cl	largest cM	Name	Email
₩ A					▼ ▲	▼ A		₹	₹	▼ 🛕		₹	₹	į a	V A
A300706	F2	L		F			<u>A</u>	116.4	24.3	3.5	X	17.5	17.5		
F131560	F2	L		U		R1b1a2a1a1a8	<u>A</u>	52	52	4.1	X	0	0 /		
F259730	F2	L		M	H5a1-T152C!	I-M223	<u>A</u>	46.1	46.1	4.1	<u>X</u>	-0	6		
F83676	F2	L		M		R-M269	<u>A</u>	47.5	37.8	4.1	<u>X</u>	0	0		
A836467	F2	L		F			A	48.3	27.5	4.1	X	0	0		
V630046	Гο			N.A			Λ	AE 7	24.6	14	V	Λ	n		

Unknown Common Ancestor

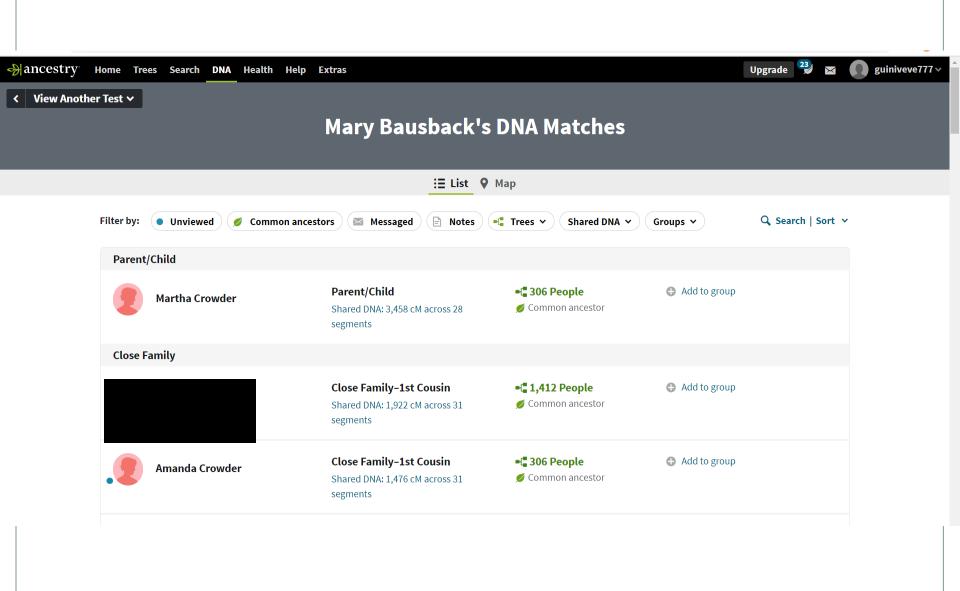
Match on the X Chromosome

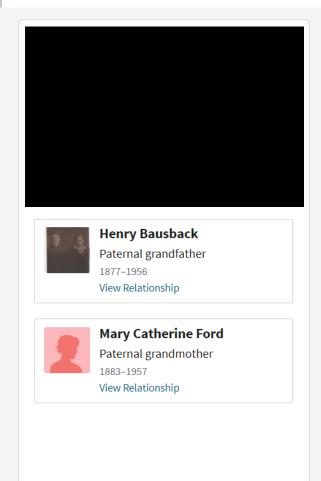
We can't be related on Father's Paternal line because he inherited his Y from his Father. Could be Father's Maternal line.

Could be from Mother's Maternal line or Mother's Paternal Line (Her father inherited an X that he could have passed on.)

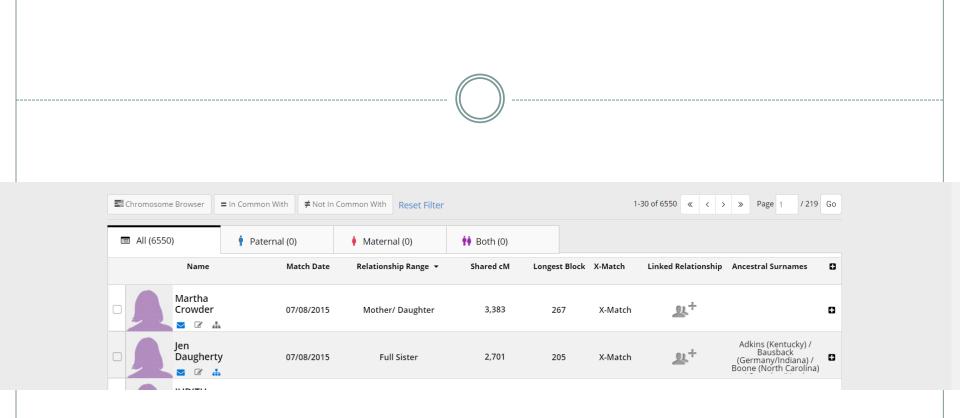
Have my mother tested to narrow it down

Compare trees-possible unknown ancestor













Researching

- Why the Census is so Important
 - Every 10 years since 1790 (Constitution)
 - Early Censuses have limited information
 - × Not all include all of the information listed here
 - Identifies Head of Household/Family Members
 - Property Ownership
 - o Could they read or write?
 - Helps identify parents and siblings when there are no other records
 - Military Service
- 1890 Census burned
 - Very limited information left from it
- Due to privacy-Only Censuses up to 1940 are available

Researching

County Courthouses

- Register of Deeds
 - **x** Land Records
 - **X** Birth Records
 - Marriage Records

North Carolina

- Government and Heritage Library: Genealogy Collection
- State Archives
 - **X** Land Records
 - **×** Birth Records
 - Marriage Records

Where to find these Records?

National Archives

- Census
- Military Records/Pension Records
- o Federal Records "Doing Business"
- Historical Documents

• Remember:

- No central place to search all records.
- Every state is different.

- \$\$Ancestry.com (Free at many public libraries)
 - Census Records
 - o Death Records (Certificates) for some states
 - City Directories
 - Birth Indexes
 - International Records

- \$\$Heritage Quest (FREE @ the Library)
 - Freedman's Bank Records
 - Genealogy Titles
 - Census
 - Revolutionary War Pension Applications
- Discover Freedman (Freedman's Bureau)
 - o http://www.discoverfreedmen.org/
 - Index of Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands

Family Search

- o www.familysearch.org
 - Census records (limited)
 - ▼ Family Trees
 - Court Records (wills, probate, land)
 - **X** International Records
 - Catalog of records/books at Library in Salt Lake City, Utah
- Cyndi's List
 - o http://www.cyndislist.com/
 - Comprehensive index of genealogy sites

- Rootsweb
 - o www.rootsweb.com
 - Family Trees
 - × Message Boards
- Find-a-Grave
 - o http://www.findagrave.com/
- Ellis Island (Immigration Records)
 - o http://ellisisland.org/

Archives

- Personal papers in Archives, Libraries, Historical Societies
 - Genealogies
 - Diaries
 - Club Records (Women's Organizations)
 - Ledgers (Frederick Douglass US Civil War Colored Troops Pension Ledgers)
 - See presentation in The Scholarship <u>"Discovering The Hidden Women In Your Family History"</u> by Diane Richard

Questions??

